GIRLS MARRY EACH OTHER.

Maryland Sensation—the Husband ha Worn Female Dress Before and Since th

the Police Marshal, and stated that his

daughter, Catherine Beall, had, on Tues-

WHEELING, W. VA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 21, 1889

VOLUME XXXVII--NUMBER 156.

A Fizzle.

DEMOCRATS DEMORALIZED.

The Caucus at Charleston Last Night Without Fruitful Results.

Conceded That There is Little or no Chance of the Election of a Senator.

THE BRIBERY INVESTIGATION

One Witness Examined and the Farce Thereby Made More Plain.

Senator Scott Vindicated by a Demoeralic Sepator-The Register's Fakes Exposed-There Will be no Extension of the Session - The

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 20.-The Democratic conference was a decided fixde. Nothing was accomplished, barely a motion being made. Many members were absent and those present strolled in at various hours and out. The Kennaites will continue balloting for their choice, while the personal preferences of the opposition precludes any chance of an election. Another conference will be held to-morrow night, but it is hardly ible the Senatorial situation will en-

THE BALLOTING.

Special Disputch to the Intelligencer.
CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 20.—Two more fruitless ballots were taken for a Senator, the breaks from the "Black Eagle" being more marked, Senators voted for John A. Preston in both ballots, as did Delegates Chew, Ford, Mc Clung, Shanklin and Sydenstricker President Carr and Delegates Harr and Kirk voted for Wirt Neale in both bal President Carrand Delegates Harr and Kirk voted for Wirt Neale in both ballots. Senator Sweeney voted in the first ballot for Preston and in the second for Col. Ren Wilson. Vanpelt voted in the first ballot for Kenna and in the second for J. A. McGudlin. Altizer, Peck and Roach voted in the first for Kenna and in the second for Preston. Dorr voted in the first for Col. Ren Wilson and in the second for Preston, as did Goad, Jack, Lively and Sprigg. Merrill voted each time for Willis-Wilson. Pagh voted in the first for Kenna and in the second for W. L. Wilson, and Shaw voted in the first for Kenna and in the second for W. L. Wilson, and Shaw voted in the first for William T. Ice and in the second For Samuel Woods. Whole number of votes cast 91.

First ballot-Goff, 43; Kenna, 27; Preston, II; Ben Wilson, 5; Neale, 3; E. W. Wilson and W. T. Ice one each. Second ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 22; Preston, IS; Neale, 3; Ben Wilson, McGuffin, E. W. Wilson one each.

At the conclusion of the second ballot, Senator Ben Oxley, who was very much exercised at the manner in which his favorite was being deserted, said he saw no benefit to be obtained by continuing to ballot when it was evident that no

THE ROUTINE WORK

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 20 .- Considerable discussion was occasioned in the Senate over the resolution offered by Senator Morris, that the attaches of that body be allowed per diem from and including the first day of the session. Of course there was much Democratic op-position, and much talk of recklesly ap-propriating the public money. When

The rules were suspended, and House bill No. 153, the general appropriation on so, so, the general appropriates bill, was read by its title, and ordered to be printed. There seems to be a strange stally about Democrats considering an appropriation bill. The fillibustering and delays of two years ago were brought fresh to many here. its title. Why he wished to delay its reading is a secret known to none but his projound and his profound self, for it is readily to be seen, passed or root, it could have no earthly political effect.

EXTENSION DEFEATED. Senator Snyder's resolution to extend

WELLSBURG CEMETERY.

On motion of Delegate Duvai, the rules were suspended and House bill No. 28, granting to the Brooke County Cemetery company, certain lots or parcels of land in the city of Wellaburg, and for other purposes was taken up out of its order, read a second time, and ordered to its engrossment and third reading.

THE CONTEST COMMITTEE. The llouse this morning followed the example set by the Senate, and selected example set by the Senate, and selected the members of the joint committee to act in the contest of A. B. Fleming against General Goff, selecting three Lemocrata, Lively, Kee and Sprigg 34 votes each, Moore and Harr 31 votes each, and Kirk 30.

of House bill No. 8, as to regulations for

WAYNE COUNTY COURT, The Senate passed Senate bill No. 106, stablishing a court of limited jurisdic-

tion in Wayne county,

- second meading.

Senate bill No. 89, providing for the reassessment of all the real estate within the State, and House bill No. 65, the militia bill, were read and ordered to their second reading. SCOTT VINDICATED BY A DENOCRATIC

Upon motion of Senator Flournoy Sen ate bill No. 101, relating to the establishste bill No. 101, relating to the establishment of a police court in the city of Wheeling, and Senate bill No. 100, amending the act incorporating the city of Wheeling, were taken up, and ordered to their third reading. Before the consideration of these bills, Mr. Flournoy said he took pleasure in making the statement that Senator Scott was favorable to the bills, and had in no wise retarded, or in any manner worked against their progress. Concerning the statements in this connection made by the Register the wind had been taken out of the sails of somebody. The bills were Senator Flournoy's, and while Senator Scott was in absolute accord with both, he did not want to appear as thrusting e did not want to appear as thrusting

OTHER BILLS ACTED ON, Senate bill No. 12, providing for the relief of Ira Bailey, late Sheriff of Mon-

ongalia county, was also read, and or-dered to its third reading.

The House returned to the Senate Senate bill No. 44, relating to the asylum for the insane, with several amendments,

and asked concurrence therein.

House bill No. 14, providing that three-fourths of the Council of Parkersburg can order paving, and providing for a system of sewerage, was taken up in its second and ordered to its third reading.

A message was received from the Gov-rnor announcing appointments by the

EXECUTIVE SESSION. Senator Price moved that the Senate Morris made the point that the commu-nication should be first read in public, and that then action should be taken on executive session. While it was conexecutive session. While it was con-ceded that Senator Morris was right in his premises the old custom was adhered to, and into executive session they went

THE BRIBERY FARCE. A Man Named Ray Testifies, and of Course

second act in the farce of "Who was the Briber, or The Adventures of the day. The committee succeeded in getting one S. Ray before them, one of the person's charged with having approached Delegate Shelton. Ray substantiated Shelton's statement that he had offered him money to accompany him out west during the session of the Legislature, but that was all. It was for no political purpose and had no purport but a purely personal transaction. The seal of secresy was placed upon the members of the committee, but the information comes from a little bird that ought to know.

in the second for Preston, Dorr voted in the first for Col. Ben Wilson and in the second for Preston, as did Goad, Jack, Lively and Sprigg. Merrill voted each time for Willis Wilson, Paging voted in the first for Kenna and in the second for W. L. Wilson, and Shaw voted in the first for Kenna and in the second for W. L. Wilson, and Shaw voted in the first for William T. Ice and in the second for Samuel Woods. Whole number of votes cast 91.

First ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 27; Preston, 18; Neale, 3; E. W. Wilson and W. T. Ice one each. Second ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 22; Treston, 18; Neale, 3; Ben Wilson, Mogand W. L. Wilson one each. Second ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 22; Treston, 18; Neale, 3; Ben Wilson, Mogand W. L. Wilson one each. Second ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 22; Treston, 18; Neale, 3; Ben Wilson, Mogand W. L. Wilson one each. Second ballot—Goff, 43; Kenna, 22; Treston, 18; Neale, 3; Ben Wilson, Mogand W. L. Wilson one each. At the conclusion of the second ballot, Seaator Ben Oxley, who was very much exercised at the manner in which his favorite was being deserted, said he saw no benefit to be obtained by continuing to ballot when it was evident that no election could be secured. He warmed to this subject, and said that the Democrate had a nominee and that so long as it had that nominee he would continue voting for him. He intended to yote for none who was and the nominee, he would wote for a Republican.

THE ROUTINE WORK.

THE LAW IN THE CASE.

One of the most distinguished lawyers in the State, and a leading Democrat,

sends the INTELLIGENCER the following opinion concerning the pending gubernatorial contest:

Weston, W. Va., Feb. 19, 1889.
Sin:—You ask me to give you my views on the pending gubernatorial contest, Fleming vs. Goff.
A careful reading of the Constitution of West Virginia, article VII, Sections 11-12 Code of West Virginia, page 69, and Cooley and Story on constitutional law, constrain me to declare (in the words of West Virginia's Constitution) that "the Speaker of the House of Delegates, immediately after the organiza-

that "the Speaker of the House of Dele-igates, immediately after the organiza-tion of that body and before proceeding a to business, shall open and publish the treturns of the election for Governor in the presence of the majority of the fi Houses of the Legislature."

This much is plain, and about which p there can be no controversy.

Next follows the words, "The person having the highest number of votes is shall be deemed duly elected" [Gov-ernor.]

joint assembly of the election of Gover-nor? Who in that case would be Goverhaving the highest number of votes on the face of the returns—the law so de-Senator Snyder's resolution to extend the session, and then to adjourn on Saturday until April 17, was defeated as also was Senate resolution. No. 14, President Carr's resolution, for an extension of the session, all the Republican Senators voting against it, except Senator Snyder, in stating his position, said it was in the hope of saving that legislation that had thus far progressed that he voted for an extension, and that he did so without fear, favor or affection.

Wellshurd Cemeterny. to decide. Such a procedure would put an end to popular government and plunge our rapidly growing young State into hopelessness and bloodshed.

MRS. LESLIE'S PRINCE. De Gourke Arrested on a Charge of Grand

New York, Feb. 20.—Detective Sergeants Hudelberg and Dolan, of police headquarters, arrested a Russian Prince, named George Eustoff De Gourke, at the Brunswick Cafe last night.

FOUR NEW STATES.

Amended Territorial Bill Finally Passes Congress.

MARRIAGES AND DIVORCES

That Have Taken Place in this Coun try in the Last Twenty Years. Statistics Regarding Divorce. Other Washington News.

pringer in the House, presented the con erence report on the territorial bill. The bill, as agreed to in conference, provides for the admission of the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington. The territory of Dakota is standard parallel west to the western boundary of the territory. The delegates elected to the constitutional convention north of this parallel shall assemble at Bismarck, and then south of the parallel at Sioux Falls. The delegates to the convention in each of the proposed new

vention in each of the proposed new States shall be elected on the Tuesday after the first Monday in May next, and shall meet on the 4th of July and declare that they adopt the Constitution of the United States.

The report was then adopted amid applause on both sides of the chamber. In the Senate Mr. Platt presented the Conference report on the bill for the admission of Southern Dakota as a State and forthe organization of the territory of North Dakota.

f North Dakota. The clerk commenced the reading of

The clerk commenced the reading of the substitute agreed upon by the committee looking to the admission as States of North Dakota, South Dakata, Montana and Washington.

When the reading was concluded, a message from the House announcing the signature by the Speaker of the direct tax bill, was laid before the Senate, and the bill (having been first signed by the presiding officer) was immediately sent to the President.

The consideration of the Conference report was resumed. After a long dis-

report was resumed. After a long dis-cassion the vote was taken, and the re-port was agreed to without a division.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Interesting Statistics Covering a Period o

statistics of marriage in the special re-port of the Commissioner of Labor on Mariages and Divorces cover only sixty-six percent of all the counties in the counry. The reason of this incompleteness s that the counties not reported have no

is that the counties not reported have no record of marriages.

The statistics relating to divorce, however, are very complete. The whole number of divorces granted in the United States is given as \$28,716 for the twenty years. In 1867, 9,937 divorces were granted; in 1886, 25,535. During the last five year period of the twenty years the States of Connecticut, Maine and Vermont are the only once showing a de-

ted this evening on the charge of em-bezslement in the Circuit Court. The indictment was made by the W. H. Smith Hardware Company, of Parkers-burg, whom Secret represented on the road. The company accused him of smbessing two or three hundred dol-lars. It is said that Secrest will now bring suit against the company for heavy

LEFT THE ORDER.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.-At a meeting of No. 321 of the Brotherhood of Loco motive Engineers it was decided that the division disband. It is said there was an unusually large attendance at the meeting, and the resolution that the dirision be dissolved was without a dis-

meeting, and the resolution that the division be dissolved was without a dissenting vote. A committee was appointed to wind up the affairs of the division and to return the charter to the general officers of the order. The division was composed almost exclusively of Reading railroad engineers, and was one of the largest divisions with which the Reading engineers associated themselves. A few of the Pennsylvania men belonged to the division. One of the members who has been prominent as an agitator explained his unexpected vote in the affirmative by saying that he had been threatened with discharge if he did not leave the order.

One of the ex-members of the division was asked what affect the wiping out of No. 321 would have upon the engineers of the Pennsylvania railroad system.

"I am not in a position to speak for them," he replied, "but I know that they, in common with the Reading engineers, have been long since satisfied that the order is powerless to protect their interests, and of late has been simply a means of taxing all of us commonsity for the support of the engineers uthrown out of employment by the ill-yadvised and unsuccessful strike on the Chicago, Burlington & Quiney road, and I have no reason to believe but that they are as tired of this as we are. These are ditle reasons that principally caused us to disband."

"One of your members has said that he levoted for the resolution to dissolve be-

"One of your members has said that he voted for the resolution to dissolve because he had been threatened with discharge if he did not leave the order. Do you know of any such threats?"

"I do not. We wound up because there was no use in our any longer keeping up the organization. Out of about one hundred members not more than a dozen were in good standing."

ozen were in good standing."
"Then you died of a sort of dry rot?"
"That's about the size of it."

"THE SLOPE ALL RIGHT."

Feeling That Harrison Will Not Neglect the Pacific Coast. Indianapolis, Feb. 20.—The visit of Congressman William N. Morrow, California, and his long conference with mother impetus to cabinet speculation and prognostication. It was apparent from his conversation prior to his meet-

ing the General that he was disgruntled and inclined to reer indiginant at the out in the cabinet slate as at present arranged. After passing some five hours in the company of the President-elect he was in an exceeding pleasant frame of mind, a marked contrast with the disposition he manifested on first landing, but he had been hermetically sealed by

portunities he would make no statement touching upon the cabinet. He took himself out of the list of cabinet aspirants or possibilities and stated he was for any Pacific coast man that was satisfactory to his people, whether it was Estee, De Young, Swift or some new man. He did not come in the special interest of any one man, but for the coast; they wanted a man in the cabinet. He left a very decided impression that General Harrison had given him some encouragement. As corroborative of this conclusion, Mr. Morrow, just prior to his departure for

son has been making preparations for the last six months for an exhibition in the Paris Exposition Universello, which, it is believed, will be the most extensive exhibit of the kind ever shown. He has been allotted 8,000 square feet of floor in the main building, and here he will show models of all his inventions in telegraphy, telephones, electric lighting and the phonograph.

The principal feature of the exhibition will be an enormous model of an incandescent lamp, forty feet high, the globe being composed of no less than 20,000 incandescent lamp bulbs. The effect when the light is flashed will be wonderfully brilliant, illuminating the entire main building. On either side of this exhibit will be the French and American flags worked out in colored incandescent globes.

Among other novelties will be a huge dyname, a series of charts illustrating the growth and development of Mr. Edison's inventions, a large allegorical picture entitled "Menlo Park, the birthplace of the incandescent bulb illustrating a series of

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

BALTIMORE, MD., Feb. 20,-Monday Important Evidence Before the norning Lemuel Beall, of Federal Hill, Parnell Commission. Harford county, called at the office o

PIGOTT'S LETTERS BURNED.

Sultan of Morrocco Cedes Lands to Germany-Report of Diminishing Oil Product on the Caspian Sea-Stock Jobbing.

LONDON, Feb. 20 .- When the Parnell mmission met this morning the court room and its precincts were crowded. Mr. Parnell was present. Mr. Houston, Secretary of the Irish Loyal and Patriotic Union, was further

daughter, Catherine Beall, had, on Tuesday, left home with a person who was known in the neighborhood as Hannah E. Calder, and he had been informed that they had been married by Rev. J. Alphonse Frederick at St. Mary's church at Pylesville on September 5. Marshal Frey immediately gave Mr. Beall the assistance of two detectives, who traced up several clues to find the parties. At Clerk John T. Gray's office of the Court of Common Pleas is the record that on May 30 of that year Rev. J. Alphonse Frederick obtained a license for "E. Hannah Calder and Catherine Beall." The record shows that a return had been made of a marriage ceremony on September 5.

It was recently developed that the E. Hanna Calder was no other than Hannah E. Calder, a daughter of Martin Calders, a well-to-do farmer of Harford county, who has been a member of the Maryland Legislature and a County Commissioner, and who owns some 200 acres of cross-examined. He said he destroyed Pigott's letters to him in accordance with an agreement made between them that they were intended for the witness eye alone and were not to be used pub-t ty, who has been a member of the Maryland Legislature and a County Commisl sioner, and who owns some 200 acres of
t well-developed land in Harford county,
adjoining Beall's farm. Miss Calder, as
she has been known, was always looked
upon as a girl, and for the past twenty
years associated with the female sex.
Friends who knew both parties well, say
that Calder is about 37 years of age, tall
and of slender build. Her hair is quite
dark, but was always eut short. She
weighed about 130 pounds and had dark
blue eyes, which were very fascinating
in character. She was particularly famous throughout Harford county for her
horsemanship, and was one of the best
known people in that part of the county.
At all the barbecues and tournaments
she was a leading figure. She had three
tbrothers and one sister. Miss Calder
always wore dresses.
Miss Beall is petite blonde of about 18
years, with light hair and pretty blue
teyes and below the medium height. She
was always attractively dressed.
Miss Calder, whose parents are said to
be Protestants, became a convert about
ten years ago to Catholicism, and Rav. icly. Up to the time the witness went to Paris, Pigott had not given him the with the letters secured by the Times. He did not consider that a knowledge of the men from whom the letters were obtained was important in connection

obtained was important in connection with the question of their genulinenss. Witness said his part was done when the letters were obtained. He accepted them without securing any means of testing Pigott's statement in the event of their genuineness being questioned, because he understood that it was useless to attempt to make a complete case, and further inquiries would only handicap himself. He had so means whatever of testing any part of Pigott's story, which is regarded as probable, especially as the newspaper reports of the dispute between Mr. Parnell and the American extremists to some extent confirmed Pigott's story to some extent confirmed Pigott's story that the letters were left in a bag found

years, with light hair and pretty blue eyes and below the medium height. She was always attractively dressed.

Miss Calder, whose parents are said to be Protestants, became a convert about ten years ago to Catholicism, and Rev.
Father Frederick was her close friend. Both the Calderand Beall families were found in the continuous distribution of the girls. No one in the neighborhood noticed anything peculiar in their actions, except that they had become more intimate of late than heretone fore. The parents noticed this, and had no idea of anything unusual until both disappeared last Tuesday.

It was stated that after Rev. Father Frederick obtained the license and refer the continuous and the later of the continuous to the continuous and the later of the continuous to the continuous and the later of the continuous and the later of the continuous and the would not like to touch anything unsual until both disappeared last Tuesday.

It was stated that after Rev. Father Frederick obtained the license and refer the continuous to the continuous training the later of the continuous to the continuous training the later of the continuous training training the later of the continuous training trai witness further said he might have told Mr. Stead that Messrs. Sexton and Dillon were implicated in the Phenix Park murders, but if he did so it was on the authority of a 'statement made by Eugene Davis to Pigott, a copy of which was produced by the witness. He did not know where the original was. Two days before the Commission opened Pigott wrote him an abusive letter, demanding that after giving testimony before the Commission he should be given 5,000 pounds.

Mr. Houston, in the course of his testimony said: Pigott only repeated what other persons said. Between October, 1886, and January, 1887. He understood that Pigott obtained the second batch of letters from the same friends that supplied the first batch, but he did not inquire about the matter. He did not the light streame that the second batch of the light streame that the second batch of the light streame that the second batch is the streame that the second batch of the light streame that the secon

The state of the control of the cont

rent here that the Sultan of Morocco has granted the request made by Germany

granted the request made by Germany for a piece of the coast near the Algerian frontier. It is the intention of the German Government, the report says, to found a naval station on the land ceded by the Sultan.

A Russian Oil Combine.

Loving. Fab. 30 - It was stated by London, Feb. 20.-It was stated today that the report of the diminishing product of the oil wells on the Caspian

of the most important wells have combined to regulate the production. The opposition to the pipe line between th: Caspian Sea and Batoum, on the Blac: Sea, has not yet been overcome, and all the representatives of the projectors to the government have been heretofore of no avail. It is an open secret that several prominent officials demand such enormous sums for their influence in obtaining the requisite concession that the oil men have refused to accede to their terms.

LOST IN APRICA. Fears for the Safety of a Man Well Known in Wheeling.

LONDON, Feb. 20 .- Much anxiety is felt at Algiers regarding the safety of Mr. George Starr, agent for P. T. Bar-num. Mr. Starr left Tangier alone some time ago for the purpose of scouring the desert, which swarms with dangerous of Ohio, read a paper on the Senate bill fanatics. He is now a week overdue. Mr. Barnum has given instructions to send out a searching party immediately.

British Notes. Brussels that Lord Lytton, the British Embassador at Paris, has informed Lord Salisbury that General Boulanger will discourage war with Germany, but that he is bent on provoking England when

nower. In the Queen's speech in opening Par lament the most important point will be the announcement of measures for an improved system of national de-fense to be submitted after Easter. The managers of Henry George's campaign have arranged twenty-four meet-ings for London. They are receiving many applications from the Provinces. An English company has bought the Ponsonby estates near Yougal, County Cork

Tonoxro, Feb. 20 .- In the Legislature

ast night Mr. Trudell created a sensation by giving notice of sympathy with tion by giving notice of sympathy with the Pope, embodying the suggestion that Queen Victoria be urged to use her in-fluence to restore the temporal power of the Pope. The motion was subsequent-ly withdrawn, it is supposed, under pressure from the Premier, who feared the result of the agitation might follow it.

Furious Over the American's Escape. Bealin, Feb. 20.—The Germans amoa are furious over the escape of the ca. It is contended here that the White Book contains positive evidence clear enough to convict Klein of repeated acts of overt hostility to Germans and their naval forces at Samos.

Wants Klein Prosecuted. Benlin, Feb. 20 .- The Cologne Gazete ays that Germany will demand of the Juited States Government that it arrest and punish Klein, the American, whom Germany charges with having led the Mataafaites in Samoa at the time of the repulse of the Germans in December last

ORDERED TO MARRY MARSH.

New York, Feb. 20.—The latest news

Great Amount of Coal Sunk, PITTSBURGH, PA., Feb. 20.-An acci-

man narrowly escaped with his life, and Jackson, living on Hardin's run, as hort a large quantity of coal was sunk. The towboats Tom Lysle and William G. Horner were trying to get through Lock No.1, when their tows got away from them and going out the tow sunk. The Lysle lost two barges and the Horner two coal boats and two flats, altogether aggregating 75,000 bushels of coal. A man was on one of the barges that sunk, but he was rescued before it went under, by the towboat Jim Brown.

Jackson, living on Hardin's run, short that con that durk on white paper in red ink, with the regulation skull and erross bones no both the letter and envelope: Jackson—You are notified to leave Hancock county within ten days unless you go to work and provide for your agreegating 75,000 bushels of coal. A man was on one of the barges that sunk, but he was rescued before it went under, by the towboat Jim Brown.

FREE TRADERS WRANGLE

Lively Row in the National Tariff Reform Convention.

SPLIT ON THE RESOLUTIONS

Declaring for Unrestricted Free Trade, But all Agree that Protec tion Should Go-An Arbitrary

CHICAGO, Feb. 20 .- The Tariff Reform League resumed its session this morning brasks, in the chair. Mr. J. H. Smith of Ohio, read a paper on the Senate bill and the Mills bill compared. It was largely statistical. It was in the nature of a defense of the Mills Bill. The paper discussed Senator Sherman's figures on the wool tariff, and held that the position of the Senator from Ohio was not well taken. The writer's characterization of the former as a lineal descendant of Isaiah or "the strong ass crouching between two burdens willing to bear and a servant to tribute," brought laughter and a round of applanse.

The Convention then took a recess, George A. Clark had ended a paper on "Leather and the effect of the Protective Turiff upon it," at the afternoon session, when the venerable James D. Hancock, of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Platform Committee, claimed the attention of the convention and read the

ention of the convention and read the

tention of the convention and read the following declaration:

First—We hold that it is the natural right of every man to freely exchange his labor to the product of his labor to the best advantage. We declare ourselves unalterably opposed to the so-called Protective system and demand the prompt abrogation of all Protective features from the tariff.

Second—We believe the American Nation will reach its full measure of prosperity only by enacting at the earliest day practicable such legislation as will apply the American principle of Free Trade between the States to the United States in their relations to the world."

The Committee on Resolutions, about

The Committee on Resolutions, about evenly made up of pronounced Free Traders and tariff and revenue men, had wrestled over a report for five hours. if was finally determined as a compromise to offer a report as above in two parts, so that it might be conveniently divided. The reading over, a dozen delegates jumped to their feet and a lively wrangle ensued.

of the reading over, a dozen delegates jumped to their iest and allively wrangle ensued.

A viva voce vote was taken on the first section. It was carried almost unanimously. The big debate of the day was on the second part of the report. Engene M. Wilson, of Minnesota, and W. S. Forrest, of Chicago, led the Conservatives, while W. T. Coasdale, Rev. Hugh Penticost and Henry George marshalled the opposition. Mr. George closed the first, shouting "I am in favor of free trade." (Applause.) "Free, free, free, unrestricted trade." (Applause.) The chairman resolutely suppressed others who wanted to speak and put the question. Tremendous roars for and against went up. The spectators carried away by the contagious enthusiasm, joined in the clamor.

"The second part of the resolution is lost," shouted the chairman. He was not done saying so before a storm of cries for division ascended. The chairman paid no attention to this, but permptorily declared a motion to adjourn in order, and after great confusion the hall was gradually cleated, the free traders announcing that they would demand a reconsideration to-morrow.

To-night orations on tariff reform topics were delivered before a great andience

the opinion that it is cerebro spinal to the Associated Press from Hugh A. meningetis of a congestive malignant Dinsmore, American Consul General at type. The patient is taken with sharp pain in the spine, which soon reach the brain, followed by violent cramps and convulsions from which death ensued. starving. "White Capa" in Hancock County

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 20.—An accident occurred on the Monongahela river at 2 o'clock this afternoon, by which a notice was received by a man named man narrowly escaped with his life, and Jackson, living on Hardin's run, a short

the members of the joint committee to tell in the contest of A. B. Fleming tell in the contest of the Better Facilities.

City of Maxico, Feb. 20.—Arrangements have been perfected for a quicker and more frequent mail service between the United States and Mexico via Laredo.

In the United States and Mexico via Laredo. product of the oil wells on the Caspian Sea is a mere stock jobbing rumor, and that with improved apparatus and in-creasing experience the amount of oil stored and refined will be limited only by its price in the market, as the owners

Clark Respited, ecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WAYNESBURG, PA., Feb. 20,—To-day

was the day set for the execution of George Clark for the murder of William Mc-Causiand, the drover, but Governo Beaver has respited him until April 30 Clark is a very cool man and takes him Beaver his respited him until April 30. Clark is a very gool man and takes his fate very easily. It is not likely that he will be granted a pardon. It is said that the commissioners will make preparations for the execution at once.